# III Semester B.Com. (LSCM) Examination, April/May 2023 <br> (NEP) 

## COMMERCE

Cost Accounting
Time : $2^{11 / 2}$ Hours
Max. Marks : 60
Instruction : Answers should be written only in English.

## SECTION - A

1. Answer any $\mathbf{5}$ sub-questions. Each sub-questions carries $\mathbf{2}$ marks.
a) What is Cost Accounting ?
b) Expand COGS and COS.
c) What is Maximum Stock Level ?
d) What is over time ?
e) What is Machine Hour Rate?
f) What is a Cost Unit ?
g) What is FIFO method?
SECTION - B

Answer any 3 of the following questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
2. Explain the differences between financial accounting and cost accounting.
3. Calculate EOQ from the following details :

Annual Demand
Cost of Materials per unit
Cost of placing and receiving an order Annual carrying cost of one unit

60000 units
Rs. 20
Rs. 60
10\%
4. Standard time allowed to complete a job is 30 hours, hourly rate is Rs. 25. Worker A completes the job in 25 hours. Calculate the earnings of the worker under Halsey and Rowan plan.
5. Sunshine company furnishes the following details for the month of June 2022, with which he needs a cost sheet showing the details of Cost and Profit.
Direct Materials
Rs. 2,00,000
Direct Labour
Machine Hours Worked
Rs. 1,40,000
2200 hours
Machine Hour Rate
Rs. 12 per hour
Office Overheads
Rs. 55,000
Selling Overheads
Units Produced and sold
Rs. 4 per unit sold
2500 units at Rs. 200 per unit
6. From the following information, calculate the Machine Hour Rate :

## Particulars

Cost of machine
Scrap value
Repairs for the effective working life
Standing charges for 4 weekly period
Effective working life
Hours worked in 4 weekly period

Rs. 44,000
Rs. 2,720
Rs. 6,000
Rs. 6,400
40000 hours
240 hours
SECTION - C

Answer any 3 of the following questions. Each question carries 10 marks. $\quad(3 \times 10=30)$
7. The following are the details of materials used in a factory during January 2022.

## Date Transactions

1 Opening Balance 500 kg @ 25/- per kg
3 Issued 70 kgs
4 Issued 100 kgs
13 Received from the Supplier 200 kgs @ 22/-
14 Refund of Surplus from a Work order 15 kgs @ 24/-
16 Issued 180 kgs
24 Received from suppliers 240 kgs @ 26/- per kg
25 Refund of Surplus from a work order 12 kgs (Issued on $4^{\text {th }}$ Jan.)
28 Issue 100 kgs
The stock verifier of the factory noticed that on $15^{\text {th }}$ there was a shortage of 5 kgs and on $26^{\text {th }}$ another shortage of 8 kgs . Prepare Stores Ledger under FIFO method.
8. The following particulars have been extracted for the year 2020 :

|  | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: |
| Materials Cost | $1,20,000$ |
| Direct Wages | $1,00,000$ |
| Factory overhead | 60,000 |
| Administrative charges | 67,200 |
| Selling and Distribution Charges | 72,800 |
| Profit | 84,000 |

## 

A work order has to be execute

In the year 2021, the rate of Factory overhead has gone up by 20\%, Selling and
Distribution charges have gone down by $10 \%$. While the administrative charges are recovered at the same rate. At what price should the product be sold so as to earn the same rate of profit on the selling price as in 2020 ? Factory overhead are based on wages and administration and selling and distribution overheads on factory cost.
9. Rajas Company Limited has 3 Production Departments and 2 Service Departments. The details of overheads are given as under:

## Total Overheads

The expenses of service department are to be charged on a\% basis which are as follows :

Production Departments inder:
A Serviven


| $X$ | $20 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $30 \%$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $Y$ | $30 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| Prepare Secondary Distribution Summ |  |  |  |  |  |

10. From the following figures, prepare a Reconciliation Statement :
Net Profit as per financial recordsWorks overhead under-recovered in costingDepreciation charged in financial recordsDepreciation recovered in costing
Rs.2,08,0453,120
10,200
Interest received not included in costing ..... 8,00012,500
Obsolescence (loss) charged in financial records ..... 5,700
Bank interest credited in financial books ..... 750
Stores adjustment (credit) in financial books ..... 475
Value of opening stock in : Cost accounts ..... 52,600
Financial accounts ..... 54,000
Value of closing stock in : Cost accounts ..... 52,000
Financial accounts ..... 49,600

Department

## .

has 3五 Departments and 1 Service
duction are as under.
Rs.

$$
60,000
$$

38,000
30,000
8,000
Rent
90,000
Repairs
25,000 Light 9,000
Supervision
Supervision
Fire Insurance (Stock)
Employers Contribution to group insurance
54,000
spect of the 4 departments :

Power
The following additional data is available in respect of the
B


- D

27
15
36 24
200
18,000

Value of Stock (in Rs.)

Apportion the costs (in Rs.)
SECTION - D
Answer any one of the following sub-questions. Each question carries eight marks.
12. A) A manufacturing industry purchases raw materials as and when required by the job orders. It is facing an issue of increasing prices for its spare parts. Its spare parts for the month of April 2022 are purchased and issued as under :
3-4-2022 Purchased 60 pieces at Rs. 50 per piece
5-4-2022 Purchased 25 pieces at Rs. 60 per piece
8-4-2022 Issued 40 pieces
12-4-2022 Purchased 30 pieces at Rs. 70 per piece 18-4-2022 Issued 30 pieces
Use the appropriate method of issue during the raising prices.

## OR

B) A labour-intensive company wants to decide on the method of paying remuneration to its workers. So, it provides the following information for you to advise them on which method they need to pay its workers.
Standard time allowed for a job 60 hours
Rate per hour
Actual time saved by a worker is 10 hours.

